SuperKamiokandeにおける 超新星爆発モニターについて

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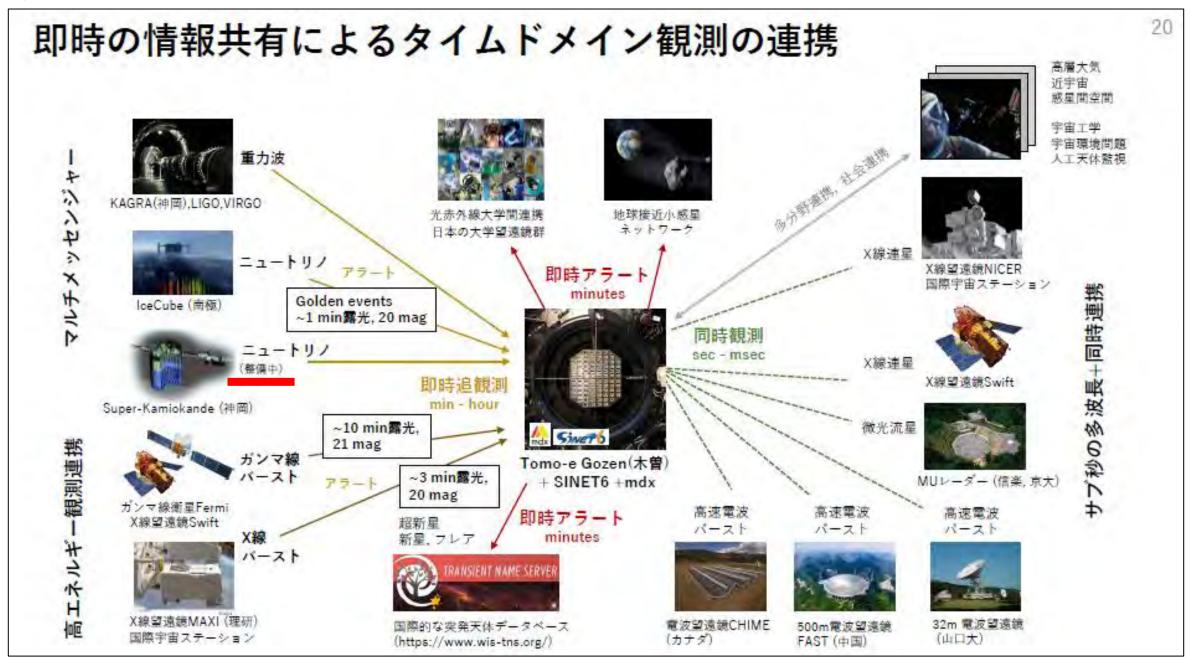
For Super-Kamioiande Collaboration @木曽シュミットシンポジウム2024

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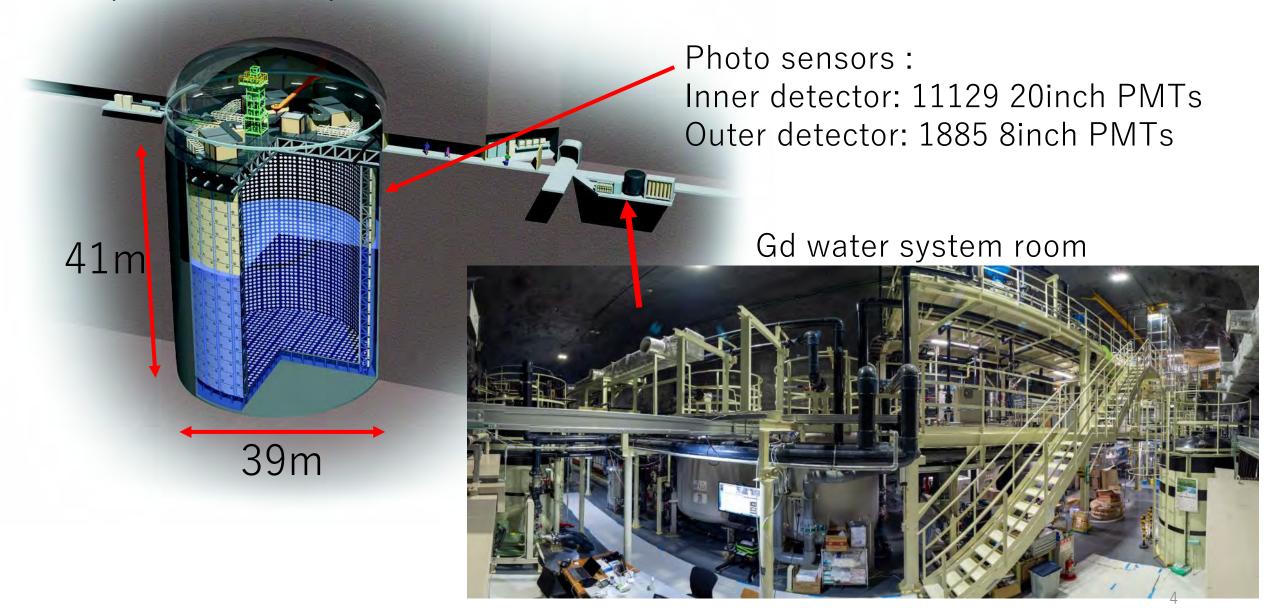
- Introduction
 - Super-Kamiokande
 - SK Gd status
- Improvements of SN burst detection
 - SN direction fitter improvement
 - Supernova monitor at SK
 - Pre-SN alarm
- Summary



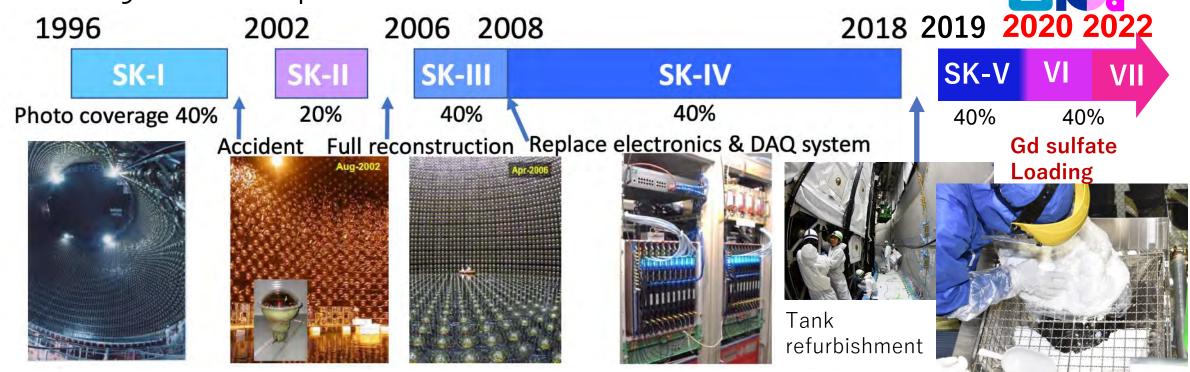
酒向さんのJSPでのスライド



Super-K experiment 1000m underground = 2600 m.w.e



History of Super-Kamiokande



- 1996 Start observation
- 1998 Discovery of the neutrino oscillation by atmospheric neutrino observation
- 2001 Discovery of the solar neutrino oscillation (together with SNO result)
- 2011 Discovery of electron neutrino appearance (T2K)
- 2015 Nobel prize
- 2016 Breakthrough prize
- 2020 Constraint on neutrino CP phase (T2K)

SK-Gd project

Super-Kamiokande

Dissolving Gd to enhance detection capability of neutrons from ν interactions Phys.Rev.Lett. 93 (2004) 171101

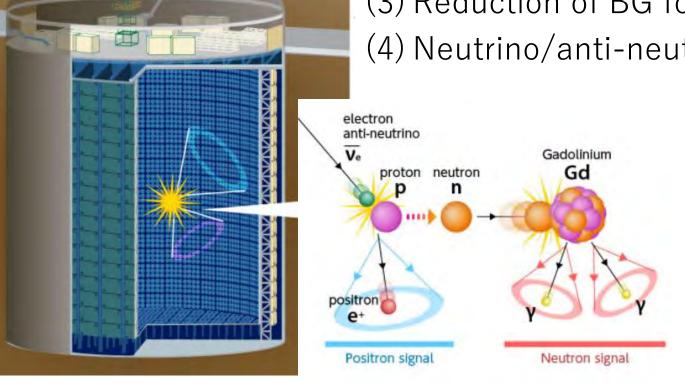
Physics targets:

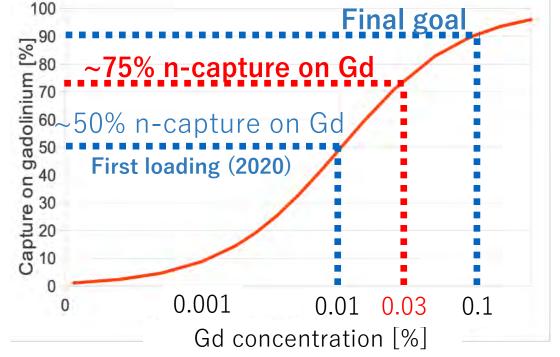
(1) Discovery of Supernova relic neutrino (or DSNB)

(2) Galactic supernovae (pointing accuracy, and pre-SN ν)

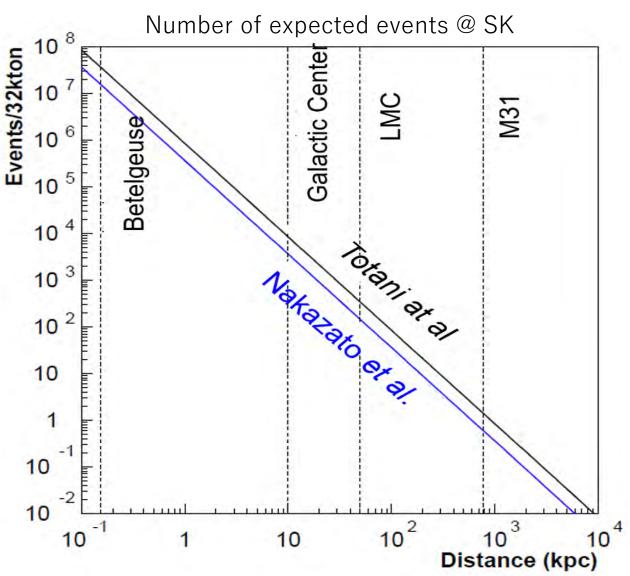
(3) Reduction of BG for proton decay, solar ν , or reactor ν

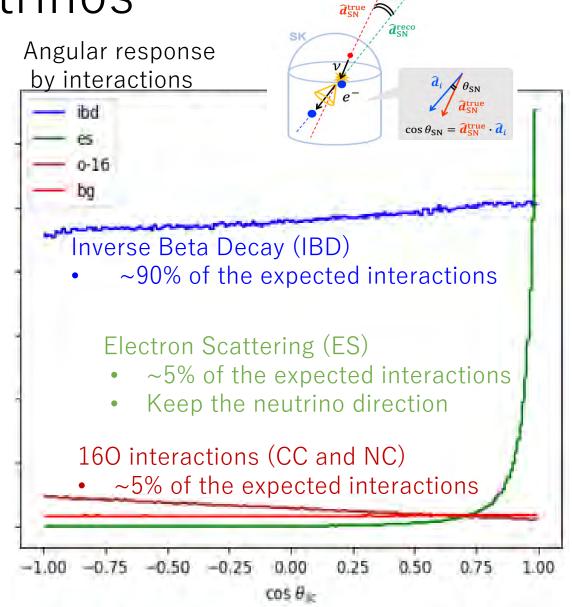
(4) Neutrino/anti-neutrino discrimination





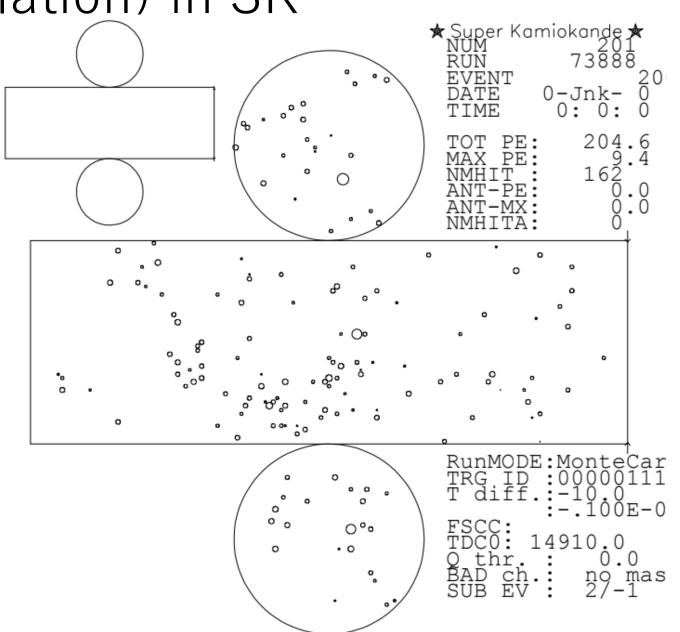
Detection of SN burst neutrinos Number of expected events @ SK Angular response to the interaction of the second points and the second points are second points.





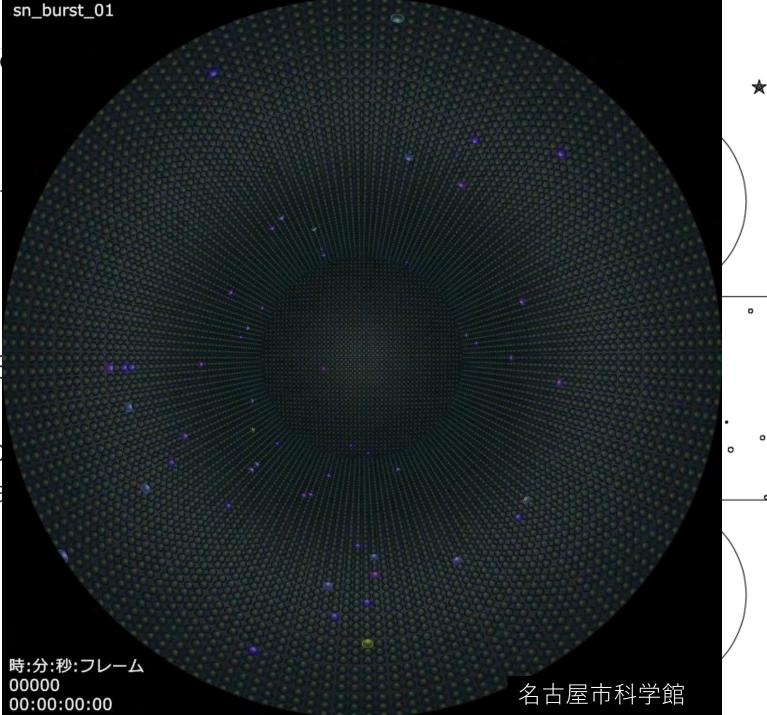
Supernova event (smulation) in SK

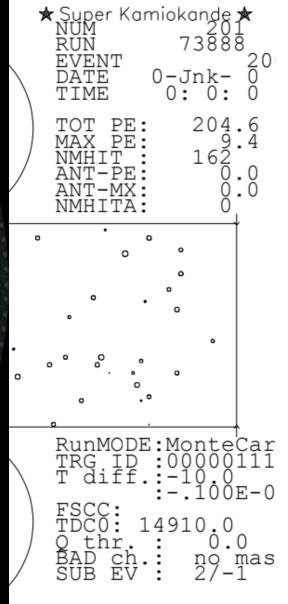
- Number of PMT hits in SN events:
 ~100 hits
 - ~6 PMT hits / MeV in SK
 - Typical SN event ~20MeV
- Event gate: 1.3 μ sec
 - $> \sim 1 \text{MHz}$, pile up events
 - Galactic supernova case
 - 10kpc: maximum few kHz



Supernova

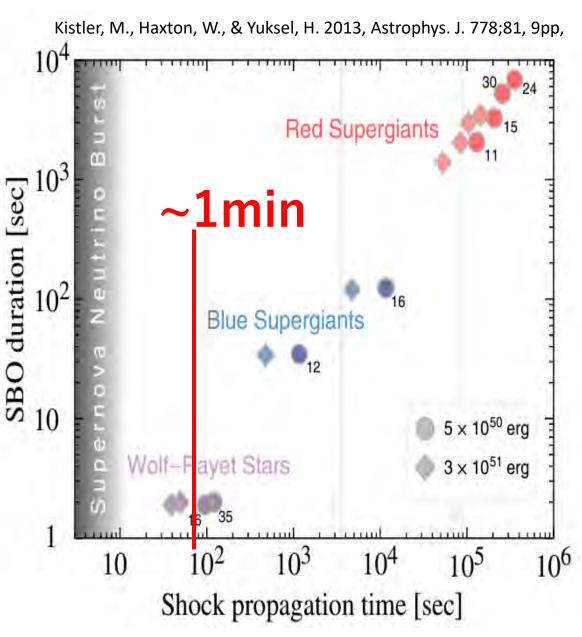
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 - Typical SN e
- Event gate: 1.3
 - $> \sim 1MHz$, p
 - Galactic sup
 - 10kpc: ma

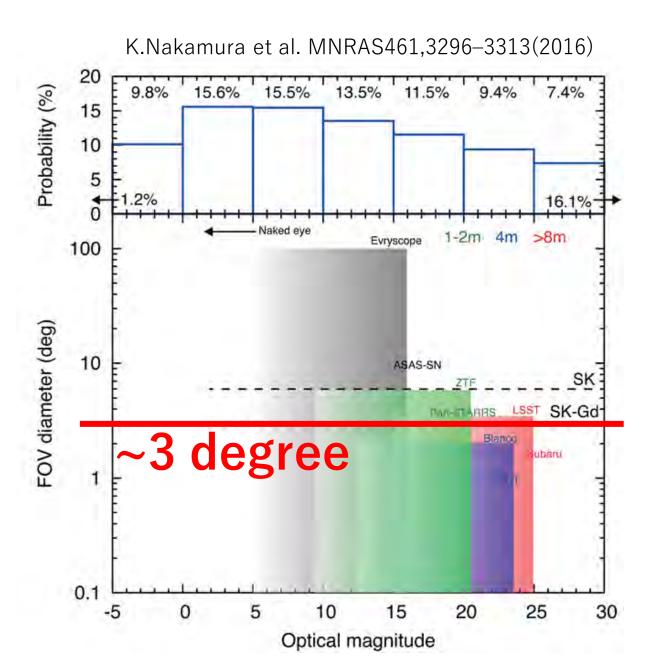




毛利さん作 ありがとうございました!

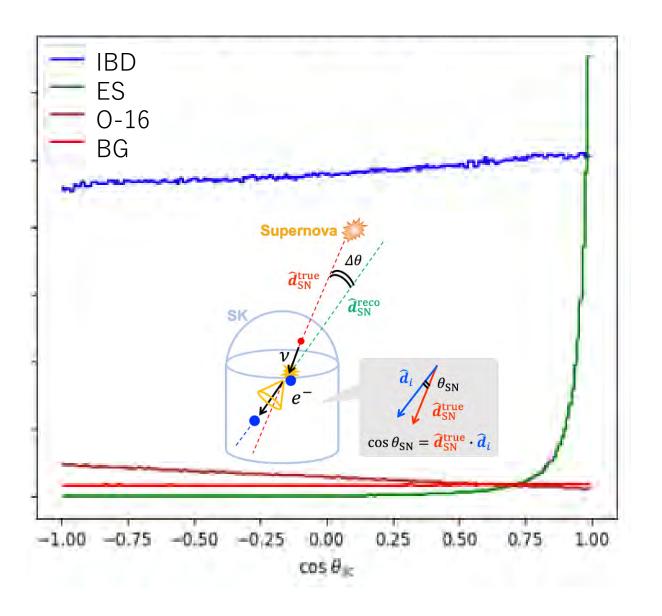
Our requirement





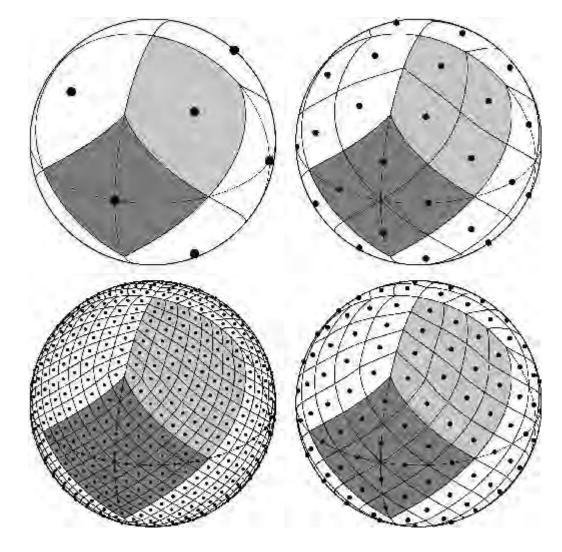
Direction fitter using Gd signals

- Now, SK can tag IBD event with Gd
 - N-tag eff:
 - N-Capture eff × Tagging eff ~ 50%
 - Trying to improve more
- >10kpc, the statistics is very important.
- We should not just treat IBD events as background of ES
 - IBD also has slight directionality
- Solution:
 - If IBD like (= tagged by Gd signal)
 - Use IBD pdf (Blue)
 - If ES like
 - Set weight for IBD pdf as N-tag eff



Faster and more accurate!

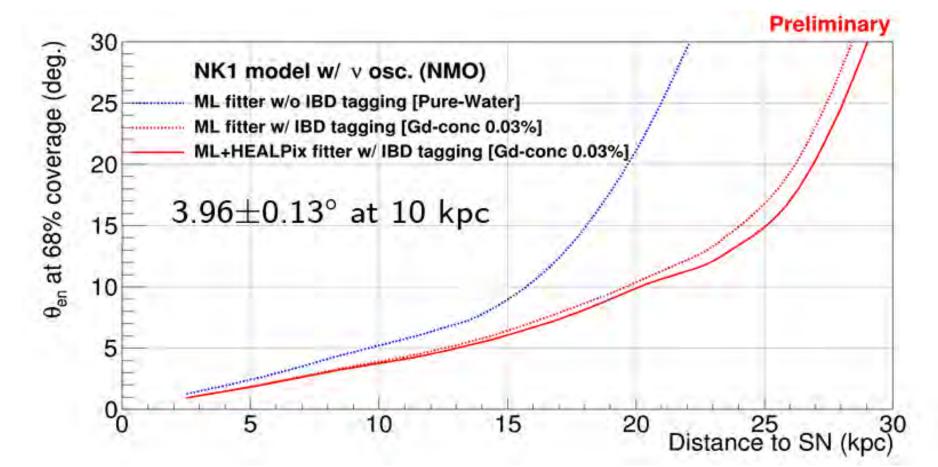
- Original fitter has 2 steps;
 - Initial grid search
 - Maximum Likelihood fit
- In both steps, we needed many loops which runs all burst events to get difference between a trial SN direction and each event direction.
 - Takes ~ 5min for 10kpc burst
- New fitter
 - Grid search -> HEALPix spheres
 - Event loops -> put them in to vectors
 - To implement them, Phython is used since it has many useful packages



https://healpix.sourceforge.io/

Great improve!

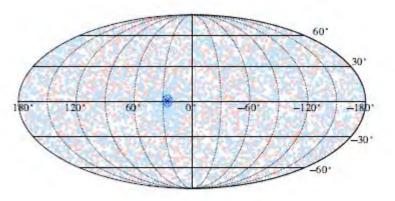
- With new fitter the direction can be obtain in a second!
 - Previously it was taking few min..
- Including data processing and reconstruction,
- we can send the auto alarm within ~few min

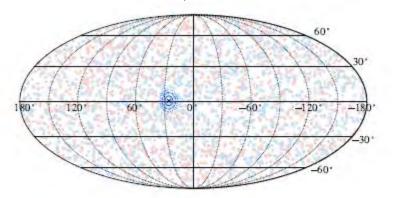


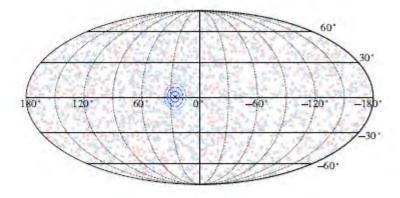
Pointing accuracy for different models

https://arxiv.org/abs/2403.06760

Blue: ES like, Red: IBD like





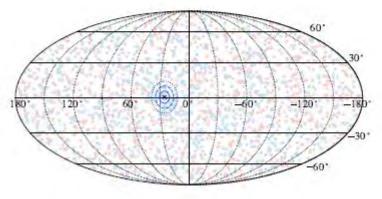


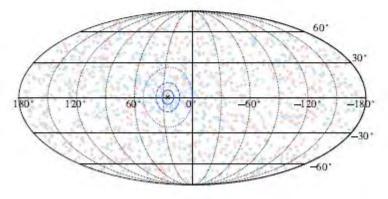
(a) the Wilson model

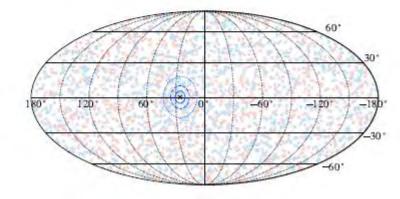
(b) the Nakazato model

(c) the Mori model

3~6-degree resolution at 10kpc SN







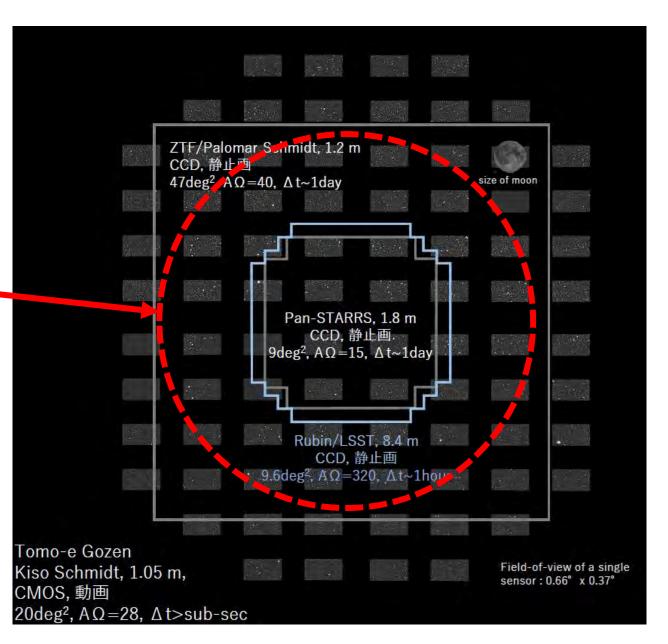
(d) the Hüdepohl model

(e) the Fischer model

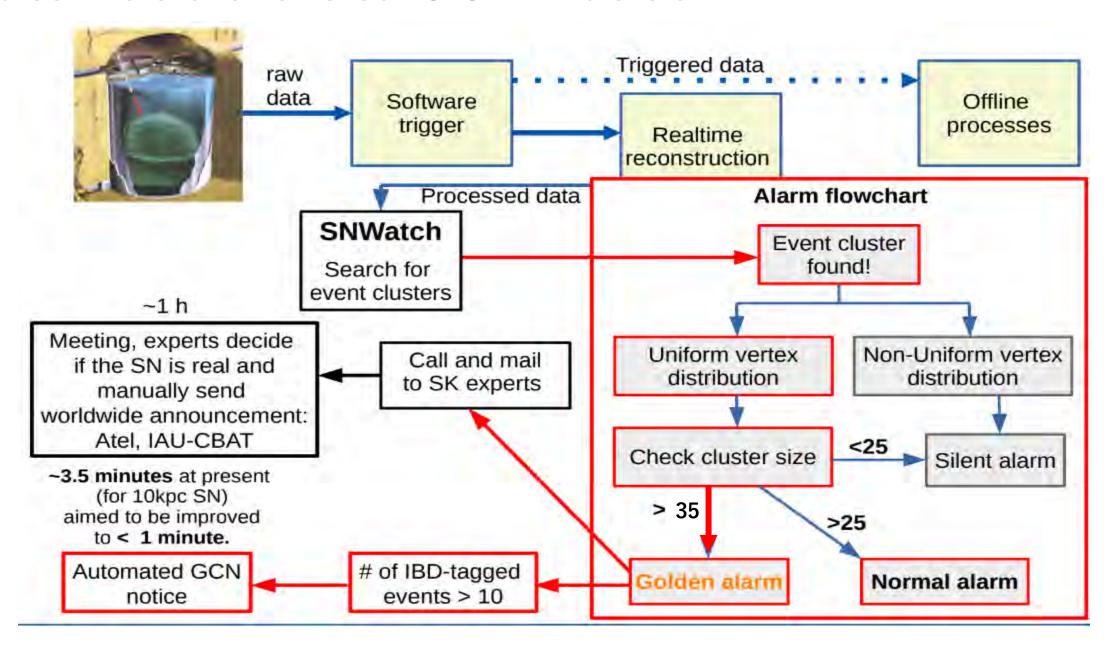
(f) the Tamborra model

Comparison with Tomo-e FOV

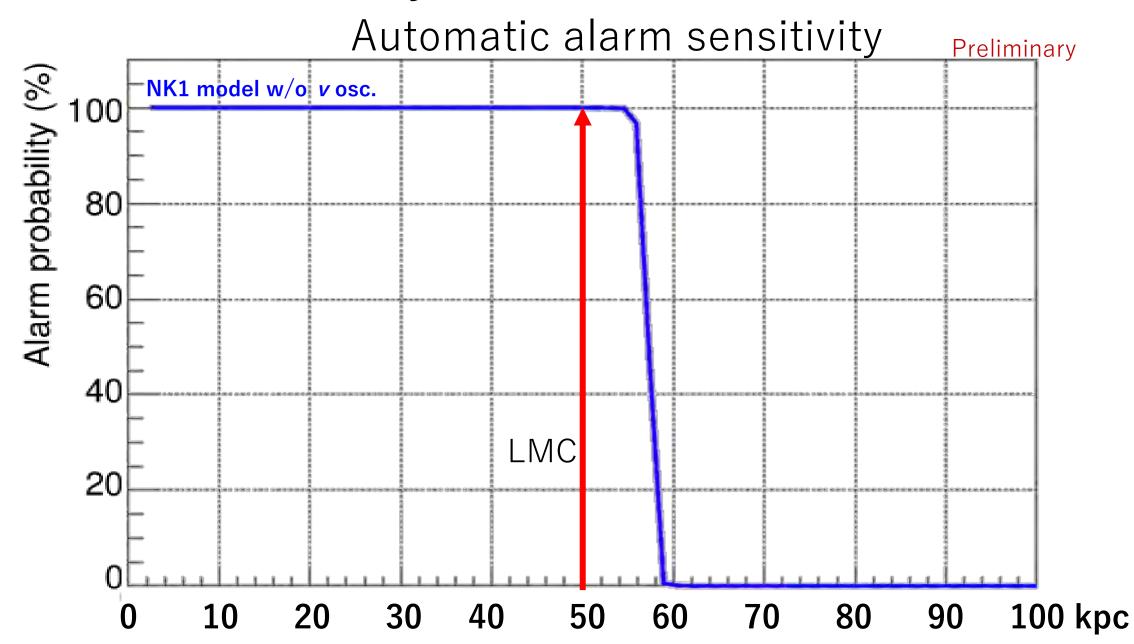
SN angular resolution of SK for 10kpc SN



Automatic alert to GCN notice



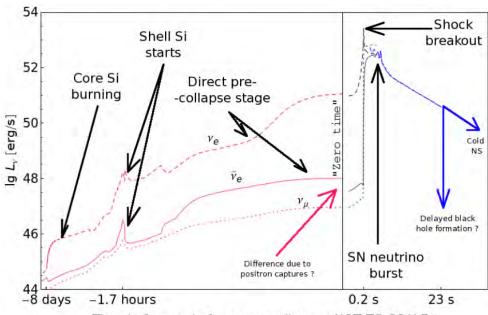
Detection efficiency vs. distance



Pre-SN neutrinos

- Neutrinos emitted by a progenitor can give early warnings of very close supernova (~up to 500pc).
 - Pre-supernova (pre-SN) neutrinos
 - About 20 candidate stars
- For a core-collapse supernova, before the burst, neutrinos of all flavors are increasingly emitted by the pre-SN star, potentially detectable.
- Pre-SN alarms established at Super-Kamiokande and KamLAND.
 - KamLAND pre-SN monitor online in 2015. [K. Asakura et al. Astrophys. J. 818 (2016)]
 - Super-K also set a pre-SN monitor in 2021, [L.N. Machado et al. *Astrophys. J.* 935 (2022)].
 - Thanks to great BG reduction in SK-Gd
- A combined pre-SN monitor with Super-K and KamLAND
 - https://arxiv.org/html/2404.09920v1
 - Improve sensitivity to pre-SN neutrino signal
 - Online and open to external users!

Odrzywolek & Heger, Acta Phys. Pol. B, 41 (2010)



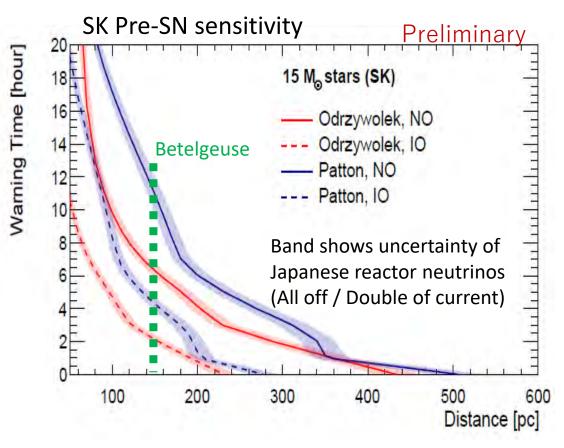
Time before and after core-collapse [NOT TO SCALE!]



https://www.lowbg.org/presnalarm/

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https://www.lowbg.org/presnalarm/

Summary

- SK Gd status:
 - Start observation with 0.03% Gd since 2022
- Many improvements of SN burst detection
 - SN direction fitter improvement
 - HP fitter and new ML fitter enable to send auto alarm within few min.
 - Angular Resolution: ~ 3 degree in our Galaxy
 - Automatic GCN Notice has been installed after SK-Gd
- Pre-SN neutrinos
 - Sensitive up to ~500pc (~ 20 candidate starts)
 - In case of Betelgeuse, we can issue an alarm 5-10 hours before the core collapse.